Laser Risk Assessment – a brief guide

Note 1 Include a diagram of the laser set up showing where exposures are most likely;

Note 2 If there is a reasonably foreseeable risk of exposure assess the possible exposure and compare with exposure limits.

Append additional info as needed including any calculations, shielding material details and eyewear specification sheets.

Assessment Number: Assessed by (print and sign):	Assessment Date: Review Date:		Activity/Facility Assessed: Location:		
STEP 1	STEP 2	STEP 3			
List significant hazards Consider, one at a time, the hazards from the laser equipment, beam delivery, laser process, environment and people	List groups of people who are at risk	List existing controls	Are these controls OK?	What is the risk factor from these hazards? (Low/med/high?)	Actions Required (See over)
The Laser Equipment: Consider hazards connected with the laser equipment: Everything from the aperture backwards e.g. Power supply Cooling system Controls Interconnections – cables, water cooling	Students, staff, visitors, others	Follow any manufacturer's/ suppliers instructions on any maintenance requirements and protective measures. Consider any additional control measures that may be needed, given the possible failures	Yes or No?	Make a judgement	Decide what further actions are necessary if any
Beam Delivery: (Diagram – see note 1) Consider beam hazards from aperture to point at which beam is used via: Free air – Optical components – Beam tubes – Optical fibres Consider levels of exposure to:	Students, staff, visitors, others	Follow the hierarchy of control measures: Apply engineering controls first as far as possible Then apply administrative controls and Personal protective equipment if necessary What are people currently relying on for safety? E.g. enclosures, barriers, safe working instructions, training, local rules, eyewear, (luck?)etc. Consider any available alternatives in both equipment and control measures.	Yes or No?	Make a judgement	Decide what further actions are necessary if any
The Laser Process: Consider the hazards from the process Examples of laser processes: • experiments looking at scattered radiation • laser used in materials processing • laser used as light source Consider other hazards from the process e.g. collateral radiation, fume, heat, fire	Students, staff, visitors, others	As above Also refer to other relevant info – for example COSHH information	Yes or No?	Make a judgement	Decide what further actions are necessary if any
Environment & People: How do the environment and people affect the safety of the application and vice versa Consider people with particular sensitivity e.g. pulsed lasers, flickering light may affect those with epilepsy; known sensitivity to UV, or if working with known sensitising agents. Consider other hazards – lighting, ergonomics, lone working etc	Students, staff, visitors, others	As above	Yes or No?	Make a judgement	Decide what further actions are necessary if any

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Significant Hazards Identified	Actions Required	Date for Action	Completed By (Name and Date)
Where further actions are needed, what still needs to be addressed?	List any further actions necessary - prioritise in order of importance	Agree a reasonable timeframe	Sign when completed
The Laser Equipment:			
Beam Delivery:			
The Laser Process:			
Environment & People:			